

An Intelligent Home Automation System Using Iot

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Abstract

With the advancement of wireless Technology, IOT is one of the foundation of the present Smart City, and Efficient Energy Management Systems. Internet of Things (IOT) is an as of late arising trend setting innovation by which gadgets can be checked and controlled through web. IOT is bit by bit acquiring its significance in building computerized mechanical framework utilizing remote gadgets, and regulators. Home computerization or keen home is fairly. In this paper, it is planned to design a home automation with controlling the speed of the electrical appliances by android application using Iot.

Keywords: Node MCU, Blynk Application, Transformer, Rectifier, Filter, L298Motor driver, Electrical Appliances

1. Introduction

The Robotization assumes a critical part in human existence. Home computerization permits us to control family electrical machines like light, entryway, fan and so forth It likewise gives both the home security and crisis framework to be enacted. Home computerization alludes to decrease the human endeavors as well as efficient and energy proficiency. The fundamental goal of home mechanization framework is to help contrastingly abled individuals and old matured individuals who will empower them to control the speed and force of home electrical apparatuses and alarm them in basic circumstance. This venture set forward to the execution of home robotization framework, security framework utilizing Node MCU and the communication is set up between the Node MCU and android cell phone or tablet by means of wifi module. This gadget with minimal effort and adaptable and versatile to less adjustment to the core is a lot of significant. It presents the plan and execution of the home robotization frameworks that can screen and control home machines by means of android phone. Intelligent wireless smart home system using IOT has been presented for old and disabled people. The concept of controlling the speed of the home electrical appliances by user command is interesting. The main aim of our system is to build a perfect companion for someone to be at home. This paper is organized as follows, section [2] explains literature survey of different journals. The proposed block diagram and working of alerting and detecting nodes are discussed in section[3] and section[4].In the section[5] and [7] hardware description and results have been discussed. Finally, Conclusion has been discussed in section [8].

2. Literature Survey

In this section literature survey has been carried out on An Intelligent Home Automation system. The following papers are surveyed.

Mahith M, Darshan Kumar S B. [1] proposed a Bluetooth-based home automation system that allows elderly and physically disabled people to monitor home appliances using voice commands. The effectiveness of the proposed automation system has been demonstrated via its implementation. Internet of things is an internet of three things User to Machine or Stuff to Things [1], Person to Person [2], and Person to Machine or Things [3] are three types of internet contact. This proposed system allows elderly and physically disabled people who are unable to easily move around and control home appliances according to their needs to easily monitor and operate them using voice commands.

R.R.Yuganandhine , Kiruthika.J [2] In the advanced word we need each conceivable thing around us to be programmed which lessens human endeavors. There are expanding electronic circuits that make the present life simpler and basic. These days Energy Crisis is the enormous issue looked by everybody. So there is a need to save energy. This task is helpful for such issues as one by and large neglects to kill lights and fan while leaving a room. The point of this is to make a programmed regulator based model to tally the quantity of people going into in the specific room and in like manner light up a room and turn on fan. By using, IR Sensors to distinguish number of people going into in a room. This Circuit tallies the quantity of individual and presentations depends on LCD, turn on the fan consequently and illuminates the room dependent on the light force identified by LDR sensor.

Gomathi B, Sivakami P, Suganya M J , S.Balamurugan. [3] This paper presents not only the problems and challenges come in IoT And Smart homes system using IoT but also some solutions that would help to overcome on some problems and challenges temperature sensors that achieves water savings of 90% compared with traditional implementations .The description about the integrated network architecture and the interconnecting mechanisms for the reliable measurement of parameters by smart sensors and transmission of data via internet is being presented. This results the home automation system more costly and makes accessible to only wealthy crowd.

Praveen Kumar, Umesh Chandra Pati[4] This robotization framework can send and get information from the distant client by means of the web. The client can screen the status worried ON/OFF and control the apparatuses of the home by on the web or disconnected. This paper presents a minimal effort and adaptable answer for the shrewd home. The machines of the home can be constrained by various techniques like GUI interface and World Wide Web. The individual of the house can watch his family, safety officer and the structure from anyplace and whenever.

Chan Zhen Yue , Shum ping [5] It was carried out with an Android based Smartphone, an Arduino UNO, a Bluetooth module and transfers which are associated with the domestic devices. The Speech to Text administration (STT) is carried out by the underlying Android voice recognizer, and the Bluetooth module sends the content order to the sequential ports of Arduino UNO. In light of the content orders to the General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) pins, the transfers are set to ON or OFF as needs be. This paper introduced the plan and execution of a minimal effort voice initiated brilliant home framework which can be incorporated with numerous essential subsystems and custom-made to individual requirements. With the Alexa Skill Kits and Raspberry Pi, each machine can be controlled from anyplace without direct communication with them.

3.proposed block diagram:

The proposed methodology is to control the speed of the Electrical Appliances and it is easy to activate the Electrical Appliances without any delay by not moving anywhere. The operation and working of the intelligent smart home automation system is to click the slider button (high/low) for control the speed of fan or light in the blynk App based on user needs in the smart phones. For wireless communication system, a Wifi build Node MCU is used and sensing the signals send by the Android Application which is connected to the L298 Motor driver. The Blynk APP is used as the user interface and activated the Electrical Appliances by user. The proposed block diagram is shown in the Fig 3.1 Similarly, the block diagram of power supply module is shown in the Fig 3.2

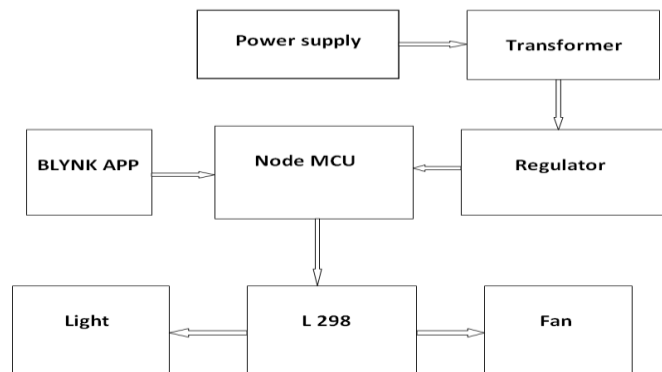


Fig 3.1 Proposed Block Diagram

Power Supply Module:

230V AC

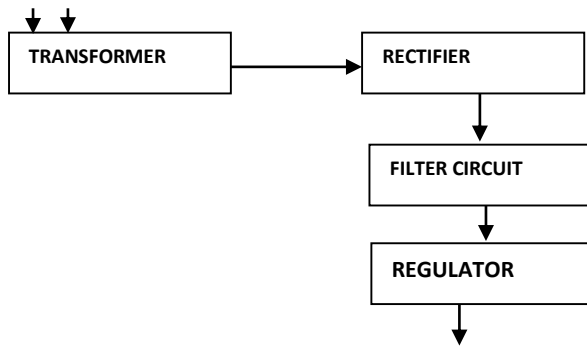


Fig 3.2 Power Supply Module

4.Working Of Proposed Work:

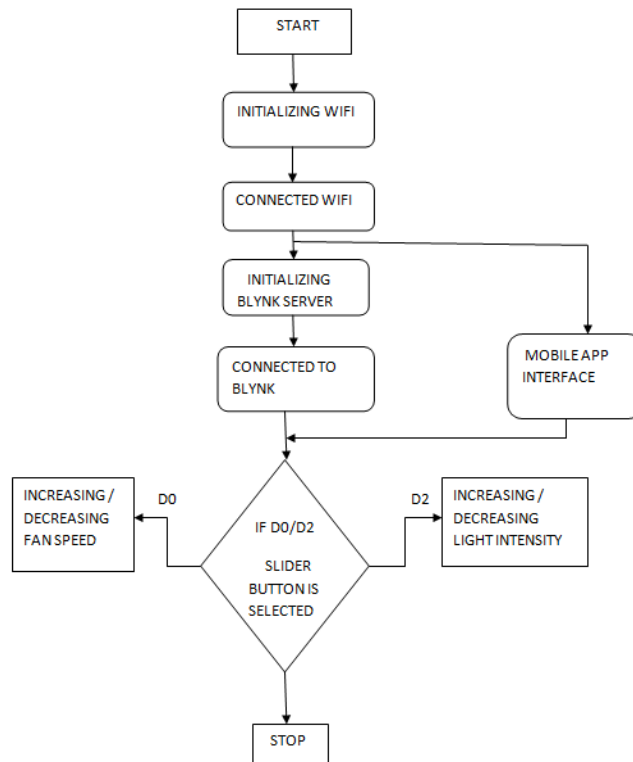
Block diagram of AC to DC power supply consists,

- Transformer: Steps the household line voltage up or down as required.
- Rectifier: converts AC voltage to a varying DC voltage.
- Filter: smooth the pulsating DC voltage to a varying Dc voltage.
- Regulator: Fixed the output voltage to constant value.

The operation and working an intelligent smart Home Automation System using IOT is designed. After making the necessary connections, the power supply is switch on to circuit. A 230 v power supply is supplied to the transformer. The transformer converts 230v into 12 V AC. Here step down transformer is used .one is 12V transformer and another is 9V transformer .Then the 12v AC is given to the rectifiers. Rectifier is used to converts AC voltage to a varying DC voltage. The rectifiers convert the 12V AC into 12V DC but it given with noise. In order to remove the noise from the output voltage from the rectifier, filters are used. Filter is used to smooth the pulsating DC voltage to a varying Dc voltage. Then the 12v DC is given to the filter. Regulator is used to fix the output voltage to constant value. 12V is supplied to the Fan and 9V is supplied to LEDs. To reduce the speed of fan and light by the user's wish, L298 motor driver is used. It reduces the voltage supply to the appliances.

For Wireless communication system a wifi is used and it is in-build in the Node MCU .Node MCU and the blynk app is connected via wifi and it sensing the signal sent by the Android Blynk App. After getting the instruction through the blynk App, the Node MCU gives the signal to motor driver. Finally the motor driver will be activated the electrical appliances. the output pin of the fan is connected to the pin D0 and the out pin of the light is connected the pin D2 in the NODE MCU .when the input is given to the circuit by Node MCU through blynk app it operates accordingly by the user command.

5 Flowchart



6 Hardware Description

6.1. Node Mcu

The Node MCU ESP8266 advancement board accompanies the ESP-12E module containing ESP8266 chip having Tensilica Xtensa 32-cycle LX106 RISC microchip. This microchip upholds RTOS and works at 80MHz to 160 MHz flexible clock recurrence. Hub MCU has 128 KB RAM and 4MB of Flash memory to store information and projects. Its high handling power with in-fabricated Wi-Fi/Bluetooth and Deep Sleep Operating highlights make it ideal for IoT projects. Node MCU can be controlled utilizing Micro USB jack and VIN pin (External Supply Pin). It upholds UART, SPI, and I2C interface.



Fig 5.1 Node Mcu

6.2. Transformer

A transformer is an electrical gadget which is utilized to change electrical force starting with one electrical circuit over then onto the next without change in recurrence.

Transformers convert AC power starting with one voltage then onto the next with little loss of force. Transformers work just with AC and this is often one reason why mains power is AC. Step-up transformers expansion in yield voltage, venture down transformers decline in yield voltage. Most force supplies utilize a stage down transformer to decrease the perilously high mains voltage to a more secure low voltage. The input loop is known as the essential and the yield curl is known as the auxiliary. There is no electrical association between the 2 loops; rather they're connected by an exchanging attractive field made within the delicate iron center of the transformer.



Fig 5.2 Transformer

6.3. Rectifier

An AC voltage is converted into a pulsating DC voltage by a rectifier circuit. Rectification is usually accomplished in the power supply device using a solid state diode. When properly biased, a diode has the property of allowing electrons to move freely in one direction. Electrons only flow when the anode and cathode are both negative when AC is added to the diode. Reversing the polarity of the voltage has no impact.



Fig 5.3 Rectifier

6.4. Filters:

The 121% wave in the yield of the half-wave rectifier and 48% in the in the full-wave rectifier is more than can be ordinarily endured. In the full wave sifting, where in the recurrence of the wave 100Hz is for a 50Hz ac line voltage. This is a benefit where either an inductor is utilized to forestall the section of the wave current (because of its high inductive reactance to ac however quit low protection from dc), or a capacitor is utilized to used to "short" the wave to ground yet leave the dc to show up at the yield. Different blends of L and C are additionally utilized.

Channel a circuit which is generally capacitor going about as a flood arrester consistently follow the rectifier unit. This capacitor is likewise called as a decoupling capacitor or a bypassing capacitor, is utilized not exclusively to 'short' the wave with recurrence of 120Hz to ground yet in addition to leave the recurrence of the DC to show up at the yield. A heap resistor R1 is associated so a reference to the ground is kept up. C1R1 is for bypassing swells. C2R2 is utilized as a low pass channel, for example it passes just low recurrence signals and sidesteps high recurrence signals. The heap resistor ought to be 1% to 2.5% of the heap.

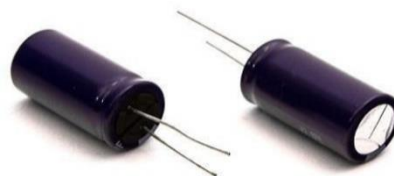


Fig 5.4 Filter

6.5 voltage Regulator

The voltage controllers assume a significant part in any force supply unit. The basic role of a controller is to help the rectifier and channel circuit in giving a steady DC voltage to the gadget. Force supplies without controllers have an inborn issue of changing DC voltage esteems because of varieties in the heap or because of vacillations in the AC liner voltage. With a controller associated with the DC yield, the voltage can be kept up

inside a nearby open minded locale of the ideal yield. IC7812 and 7912 is utilized in this venture for giving +12v and – 12v DC supply. Voltage controller ICs are accessible with fixed (commonly 5, 12 and 15V) or variable yield voltages. They are likewise evaluated by the greatest current they can pass. Negative voltage controllers are accessible, mostly for use in double supplies. Most controllers incorporate some programmed insurance from unreasonable current ('over-burden security') and overheating ('warm assurance').

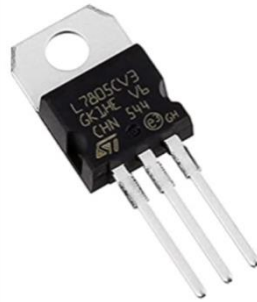


Fig 5.5 Lm7805

6.6.L298 Motor Driver

L298 is a powerful form of L293 engine drive IC. It is a high voltage, high flow, double full-connect driver intended to acknowledge standard TTL rationale levels (Control Logic) and drive inductive loads like transfers, solenoids, DC and Stepper engines. Two empower inputs are given to Enable or handicap the gadget autonomously of the info signals. The producers of the lower semiconductors of each scaffold are associated together and the comparing outside terminal can be utilized for the association of an outer detecting resistor.

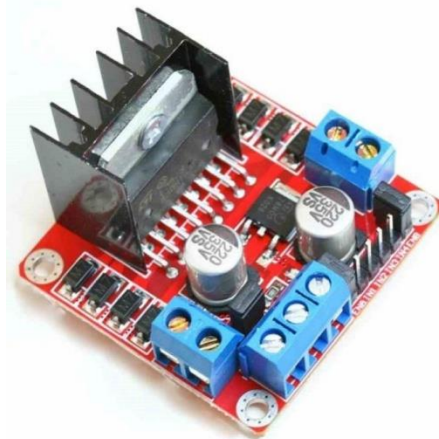


Fig 5.6 L298 Motor Driver

As this project is all about controlling the home utilities via a mobile application, so the utilities by considering the light bulbs and portable fans. So, for this project, this is also one of the important requirements to justify these utilities for the practical demonstration. There is a need of fan and light to control fan and also other utilities through voice

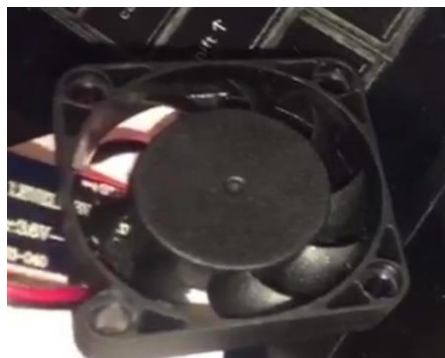


Fig 5.7 Fan



Fig 5.8 Bulb

7. Software Description

7.1. BLYNK APP

Blynk was intended for the Internet of Things. It can handle equipment distantly, it can show sensor information, it can store information, visualize it and do numerous other cool things. There are three significant segments in the stage:

- Blynk App - permits to you make astounding interfaces for your ventures utilizing different gadgets we give.
- Blynk Server - responsible for all the communications between the smart phone and hardware. We can utilize the Blynk Cloud or run your private Blynk worker locally. It is open-source, could undoubtedly deal with a huge number of gadgets and can even be dispatched on a Raspberry Pi.
- Blynk Libraries - for all the famous equipment stages - empower correspondence with the worker and interaction every one of the approaching and out coming orders.

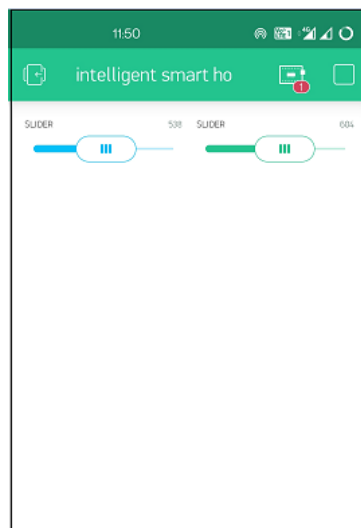


Fig 6.1 Interface For The BLYNK App

8 Results And Discussion

Some images to illustrate the working of the system have been given below.

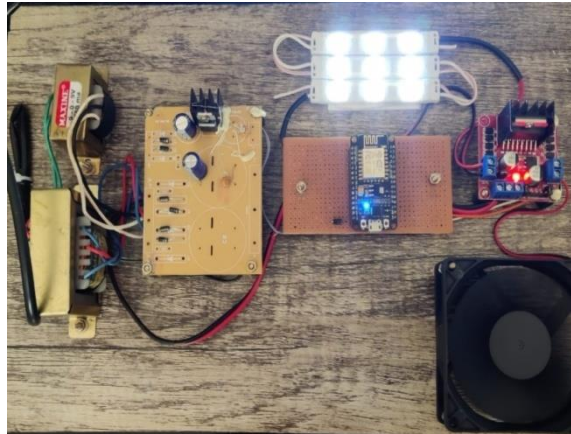


Fig 7.1: Working Model of The Proposed Work

9. Conclusion

Controlling the home utilities is only an astonishing advance forward towards the improvement in IOT area, as this includes absolutely a remote medium to make the association. There are numerous Android-based applications which have been created to start the chipping away at this innovation. Every one of the past investigations and preliminaries which are done previously, we have used a similar idea to execute it in an effective way, so that more individuals can be profited which includes only a say of word to make the things work for example home utilities. Indeed, this innovation will acquire upheaval individuals' life if that is carried out for the bigger scope. In the wake of performing profound exploration and study, this presented a stage, wherein more endeavors can bring about the better arrangement in future. Yet, as indicated by all the current innovation, this is another thing in various angles and it is worth to be acknowledged by a wide number of individuals in light of its benefits towards the old and unique individuals. Controlling the utilities like fan, light and warmer in the remote medium is totally an extraordinary advancement in this century, weaknesses and security issues are as yet under worry to make this innovation far superior to ever previously. It is the century where everybody is zeroing in on getting the solace individuals life. This is only one stage jump towards the future objective; there are numerous different things which are coming ahead with more difficulties. We should ensure while presenting any venture that it keeps the lawful, moral, social and ecological worries to its best in light of the fact that these are the fundamental columns for the accomplishment of any work that is accomplished for individuals government assistance.

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